

# THE DUTCH FLAT ENQUIRER.

THE PEOPLE'S NEWSPAPER: Devoted to Religion, Politics, Education, Mining, and General Intelligence, Foreign and Domestic.—INDEPENDENT ON ALL SUBJECTS.

VOL. III.

DUTCH FLAT, PLACER CO., CAL. THURSDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 20, 1862.

NO. 26.

## Dutch Flat Enquirer.

Published Every Thursday Morning.

Office at Sacramento Street, Dutch Flat, Cal.

All letters must be addressed to the Dutch Flat Enquirer.

Terms:

For one year, in advance, \$5.00

For six months, in advance, 3.00

For three months, in advance, 2.00

Single copies, 12

Unless express notice be given to the contrary, the paper will be continued after the time paid for has expired.

No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid.

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Advertisements in order to appear the same week must be sent in by Tuesday afternoon.

Notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths inserted without charge.

TOWNSHIP OFFICERS:

Judges of the Peace—E. B. Boast, and J. Brown.

Justices—S. A. Miller and J. Keck.

Assessors—Nathan W. Blanchard, A. B. Gallatin, and Allen Towle, W. C. Richmond and E. J. Brickett.

GENERAL DIRECTORY.

District Court, 11th Judicial District.—Hon. B. F. Myers, Judge. Meets at Auburn on the second Monday in January, April, and July, and the third Monday in October.

Circuit Court, and Court of Sessions.—E. H. Van Lear, Judge. Meets on the fourth Monday in January and May, and the second Monday in September.

Probate Court.—Meets on the fourth Monday in each month.

SUPERVISORS.

District No. 1.—Jas. R. Rogers.

District No. 2.—Michael Fannon.

POST OFFICES IN PLACER COUNTY.

Auburn.—A. N. Gambell, P. M.

Concord.—D. B. Good.

Dutch Flat.—C. B. Plummer.

Damascus.—R. B. Plummer.

Forest Hill.—E. D. C. Fokett.

Iowa Hill.—S. N. Calvin.

Linden.—John Barnes.

Lisbon.—G. W. Applegate.

Michigan Bluff.—J. Washeim.

Nilesburg.—A. C. Neal.

Oakville.—D. B. Beach.

Rattlesburg.—J. Hart.

Secret River.—J. Hart.

T. H. Valley.—J. M. Miner.

Virginia.—J. B. Crocker.

Yankee Jim.—Wm. Deck.

Township Officers.

Business Cards.

E. B. BOAST, Justice of the Peace, Township No. 4, No. 4, Office at Sacramento street, Dutch Flat, Cal. oct 16-62.

ELLIOTT AUBURN, Attorney and Counselor at Law. Collections promptly attended to. Office at Dutch Flat, Cal. oct 16-62.

S. A. MILLER, Constable, Township No. 4, and General Agent and Collector. Notices and legal business promptly attended to. Office at Dutch Flat, Cal. oct 16-62.

C. JONES, Practicing Physician. Will practice Medicine in Dutch Flat and vicinity. Office next door to the Dutch Flat Veterinary Office, Dutch Flat, Cal. aug. 14, 1862-63.

C. UREN, Practical Surveyor, will give his entire attention to surveying Ranches, Mining Claims and Town Lots. Office at the Old Corner, on Main Street, Dutch Flat, Cal. oct 16-62.

H. PETERSON, M. D., Physician and Surgeon. Office opposite the Red Rock, Main Street, Iowa Hill. 1-62.

R. ARNOLD, Attorney and Counselor at Law. Office Main Street, Iowa Hill. 1-62.

JAMES ANDERSON, Attorney and Counselor at Law, Office in Judge Myers' building, next door to Temple Saloon, Auburn, California. 36-62.

D. HAMILTON, THOS. B. WILLIAMS, Attorneys and Counselors at Law, AUBURN, CAL. March 6, 1862.—tf

W. & P. NICHOLLS, BANKERS, Main Street, Dutch Flat, California.

Highest Price Paid for Gold Dust. They also draw on SACRAMENTO & SAN FRANCISCO, FREE.

AND ON NEW YORK AND LONDON. ADVANCES Made on gold dust for coinage. 10-62

H. HUBBARD, J. E. M. HALL, B. C. ALLEN, HALL & ALLEN, BANKERS, AUBURN, JODD'S VALLEY AND DUTCH FLAT, Placer County, California.

Pay the highest price for Gold Dust. Make advances on Gold Dust consigned for assay or coinage. Attend to collections and remittances, and transact a General Banking Business. 36-62

## THE RAILROAD BILL.

### AN ACT

To authorize the County of Placer to loan its credit to "The Sacramento, Placer and Nevada Railroad Company," to the amount of \$100,000.

The People of the State of California represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SEC. 1. Whenever the Sacramento, Placer and Nevada Railroad Company by and through its Board of Directors and President shall make written application to the Board of Supervisors of the County of Placer at its regular or stated meeting of said Supervisors requesting said County of Placer, through its properly constituted authorities, to issue to said Railroad Company the bonds of said County in the total sum of \$100,000, it shall be lawful for said County to issue its bonds and dispose of them in the manner following and subject to the following conditions:

SEC. 2. Upon the receipt of said petition from said Sacramento, Placer and Nevada Railroad Company, the Board of Supervisors shall entertain the same, and in order to ascertain whether the people of said County are willing that its credit shall be loaned as desired by said Company, said Board of Supervisors shall, within sixty days after the receipt of said petition, order a special election to be held in said County at which shall be submitted the proposition of said loan to said Railroad Company, to be voted upon by the qualified voters of said County.

SEC. 3. The said election shall be fixed by said Board of Supervisors, for some day not less than thirty, nor more than sixty days, from the time of making said order. Said Board shall cause a notice of said election to be published for the period of four weeks next before the day of said election, which shall be the same as the previous fixed for said purpose at the last preceding general election. They shall also appoint judges and inspectors of said election and cause notice thereof to be given as in other elections authorized by law. No compensation shall be allowed to any judge, clerk, or inspector acting at said election.

SEC. 4. Upon the day fixed by said order, the said election shall be held. Each of the electors voting at said election, shall have written or printed upon his ballot the words "Railroad Loan, Yes," or "Railroad Loan, No," then by the day of said election shall be conducted and the returns thereof shall be made out and transmitted to the County Clerk within the time and in the manner prescribed by law at general elections. On the fifth day after the day of holding said election, the Board of Supervisors shall assemble and canvass the returns, and declare the result.

SEC. 5. If upon the canvassing of said returns, it shall be found that the votes cast at said election having written or printed upon them the words "Railroad Loan, Yes," or the words "Railroad Loan, No," a majority have written or printed upon them "Railroad Loan, No," then the Board of Supervisors in the premises shall cease and determine; but if a majority of the votes so cast shall have written or printed upon them the words "Railroad Loan, Yes," then the Board of Supervisors shall issue the bonds of said County, in the manner herein after prescribed.

SEC. 6. When it shall be ascertained in the manner prescribed in section five of this Act, that the majority of the votes cast at said election, having written or printed upon them the words "Railroad Loan, Yes," or "Railroad Loan, No," have written or printed upon them "Railroad Loan, Yes," then it shall be the duty of said Board of Supervisors whenever thereafter requested, by the President and Board of Directors of said Railroad Company, to prepare and issue to said Railroad Company, the bonds of said County to the amount of one hundred thousand dollars. Said bonds may be in sums of two hundred and fifty, five hundred, or one thousand dollars each, as may be requested by said Railroad Company; they shall express upon the face the nature of the same, and object for which they are issued; shall be payable in twenty years from the date; shall bear interest at the rate of eight per cent per annum, payable semi-annually on the first days of July and January of each year, and shall have interest coupons attached expressing the rate and time of payment of interest as above specified. Both bonds and coupons shall be made payable at the office of the Treasurer in said County.

SEC. 7. Said bonds shall each be signed by the President of the Board of Supervisors and the Treasurer of the County, and shall have the County seal affixed to each and every bond. The coupons shall be signed by the Treasurer of said County, and the bonds and coupons shall be made payable to the "Sacramento, Placer and Nevada Railroad Company or bearer," and each bond shall bear upon its back a certificate signed by the President of the Board of Supervisors, and the President of said Railroad Company, setting forth that it is duly and lawfully issued as contemplated by law. Said bonds shall be transferable by delivery and whenever so executed and issued, shall be the bonds of the County of Placer, and shall bind said County to the payment of the principal and interest as therein expressed.

SEC. 8. Whenever the bonds of the County of Placer shall be issued and delivered to the Railroad Company, as prescribed in the last section, the "Sacramento, Placer and Nevada Railroad Company" shall, at the same time deliver to the President of the Board of Supervisors of said County, for the benefit of said County, the bonds of said Railroad Company of equal number and amount, maturing at the same time, bearing the same rate of interest, and interest payable at the same periods as the bonds of the County, so executed and issued. Said Railroad bonds shall be made payable to the County of Placer, or its order, and shall be signed by the President and Board of Supervisors of said County, and countersigned by the Vice President of the Company, and each shall bear the seal of said Company, and interest coupons shall be attached, corresponding in date, amount, rate and time of payment, with the coupons attached to said County bonds, which coupons shall be signed by the Treasurer of said County.

SEC. 9. The said Railroad Company shall at the time designated in the last section, by and through its proper officers, execute under the seal of said Company, a second mortgage upon all the property, real and personal, and franchises of said Company, then owned and possessed, and thereafter to be acquired by said Company, as security for the payment of said railroad bonds and coupons as prescribed in the last section; which said mortgage shall be and express upon its face that it is subject to the mortgage of said Company, made and delivered to Lester L. Robinson and Francis L. A. Piche, bearing date first of September, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, and of record in said County, but shall not be subject to any other mortgage or incumbrance upon said property. The bonds of Placer County shall only be delivered to said Railroad Company upon the delivery by said Railroad Company, to the President of the Board of Supervisors, of the bonds and mortgage of the Railroad Company as prescribed in this Act.

SEC. 10. The mortgage provided for in the last section shall provide by its terms for a sinking fund to be reserved from the revenues of said Company, sufficient to secure the payment of the principal and interest of the bonds of said Company so given to the County, at maturity, and shall so pledge the revenues of the Company to the said sinking fund that no dividend shall be declared by the Company except of its moneys in excess of a sufficient portion of its net revenues to be set apart to said sinking fund to ensure the

payment of said bonds and coupons thereon attached, at maturity. The Board of Supervisors of said County, or the President thereof, at any time during the regular sessions of said Board, and at all other proper and reasonable times, shall have power to examine into the affairs of said Railroad Company, and for that purpose may examine the books, papers, accounts and documents belonging to the Company; and it is hereby made the duty of the officer of said Railroad Company having the custody of any such books, papers and accounts to exhibit the same for the examination of said Board.

SEC. 11. The Board of Supervisors of said County at each year, at the same time as said County at each year, are levied for County purposes, levy a special tax upon all the real and personal property within said County subject to taxation for the purpose of meeting the whole amount of interest to become due within said year upon said County bonds. In making said levy said Board shall designate the number of cents on each one hundred dollars of said taxable property which shall be so taxed for said purpose, and the tax so levied shall be known and designated as the Railroad Tax.

SEC. 12. The tax so levied shall be assessed and collected at the same time, by the same officers, and in the same manner as other County taxes are levied and collected, for which said officers and the County Treasurer, for disbursements, shall receive the same rate of compensation as is allowed by law for the collection and disbursement of other County taxes. The tax collector upon the collection of said tax shall give to each tax payer a separate receipt which shall show upon its face the amount of Railroad tax so paid by him. These receipts shall be printed and all similar in form; differing only in name, date and amount.

SEC. 13. The County Treasurer shall separate the amount collected on Railroad tax from other moneys in the Treasury and shall keep the same in a separate fund to be called the Railroad Fund, of which fund he shall keep a separate account.

SEC. 14. The Board of Supervisors shall provide for the prompt payment of the interest on said County bonds, as the same falls due, and for this purpose they shall, as nearly as possible at the time of making the annual levy, estimate the percentage of tax necessary to be levied to meet said interest, for the next succeeding year, and shall fix the levy at said amount. Should there for any reason be a deficiency in the Railroad Fund, derived from said tax for the payment of any interest as it falls due, it shall be the duty of said Board to provide for the payment of said interest out of the General Fund of said County, and in such case they shall in their next levy provide sufficient fund to pay the accruing annual interest, and also, to reimburse the General Fund with the amount so taken from the same to pay said interest.

SEC. 15. In addition to the moneys arising from the Railroad Tax, the Board of Supervisors shall also place in said Fund all moneys paid into the Treasury of said County by said Railroad Company, for interest or principal upon the bonds of said Company held by said County; and said moneys shall be by the Board of Supervisors for the payment of interest on said County Bonds, in the manner here provided by the Board of Supervisors. Whenever the amount paid into said Fund by the said Railroad Company shall equal the amount of interest to fall due upon the said County Bonds for the ensuing year, no Railroad Tax shall be levied by said Board.

SEC. 16. At the expiration of five years from the time of issuing said County bonds the said Board of Supervisors shall provide a Sinking Fund for the purpose of securing the payment of the principal of said bonds at their maturity; and for this purpose they shall impose such special tax as they may deem proper, and shall cause the same to be levied together with all the moneys received from said Railroad Company not applied to payment of interest shall be applied toward the redemption of said bonds in such manner as said Board may deem most expedient for the interests of said County.

SEC. 17. The interest accruing upon the Railroad Bonds given by the Company to the County during the period of three years from the date of said bonds, shall not until the expiration of said three years be required to be paid in money to the County, nor shall any proceedings for its forced collection be taken within said period by the County.

SEC. 18. At the time within the said period of three years when the interest upon the bonds given by the Railroad Company to the County shall fall due, the Railroad Company shall issue a number of shares of full paid stock of said Company equal in value to the amount of said interest, and shall deposit said stock with the Treasurer of said County for his disbursement as hereinafter provided.

SEC. 19. Upon the presentation and delivery to said County Treasurer of one or more of the said Railroad Tax Receipts, bearing date within the eleven, by any holder of the same, showing the assignors of one hundred dollars of the Railroad Tax herein provided for, the said Treasurer shall deliver to said person one share of the full paid stock deposited with him by said Company, and said person shall be the owner thereof, and the same shall be transferable by indorsement, or if indorsed in blank by the bearer of the same. The Treasurer shall exchange full paid stock for said tax receipts at the rate of one share of stock, for each one hundred dollars of said tax receipts, and a receipt signed by him, to be presented for exchange. If any holder shall present to the Treasurer receipts amounting to more than one hundred dollars but not amounting to the aggregate to an even number of hundreds of dollars, the Treasurer shall issue shares of stock for the even number, and a receipt signed by him for the fractional sum. Such receipts shall be transferable and exchangeable for stock in the same manner as the Railroad Tax Receipts.

SEC. 20. So soon as the Tax Collector shall have made his returns in each year, the County Treasurer shall estimate whether the amount of said tax receipts shall be sufficient to pay the full paid stock which has been deposited with him by the Railroad Company; and in the event that there be such excess, he shall notify said Railroad Company of the fact and of the amount of said excess, and said Railroad Company shall immediately issue and deposit with said Treasurer sufficient additional full paid stock to meet said excess.

SEC. 21. The County Treasurer shall receipt to the Railroad Company for all the stock received by him from said Railroad Company, and shall preserve all receipts received by him in exchange for stock, as his vouchers for said exchange, and shall at the same time of receiving such receipts write "Cancelled" on the face of each, and shall in a book kept for that purpose keep an account of the stock received and the tax receipts exchanged for stock.

SEC. 22. At the end of three years from the time of issuing said bonds, provided for in this Act, the County Treasurer shall credit the Railroad Company upon the interest due, or to become due, upon its said bonds, with the full amount of stock which during said period has been exchanged to said Railroad Tax receipts, less an amount equal to the sums allowed and paid to said Tax Collectors and Treasurer for the collection and disbursements of said Railroad taxes, and shall return to said Company the coupons for the interest thus paid and any shares of stock, which may be in his hands unchanged. If the interest upon said Railroad bonds up to said date shall not have been fully paid by the exchange of stock as aforesaid, the balance shall be immediately due from said Company to the County and shall be paid in cash, and its payment may be enforced by the foreclosure of the mortgage given by said County.

SEC. 23. The Board of Supervisors shall not

issue the bonds of the County, as provided for in this act, nor any portion of the same until at least twelve contiguous miles of the Sacramento, Placer and Nevada Railroad, commencing at or near Folsom and extending on the line of said road, toward the town of Auburn, has been completed and in running order, and at least one train of passenger cars shall be daily passing over the same; provided, that no portion of the bonds which may be issued by the County of Placer, under the provisions of this act, nor any portion of the proceeds of said bonds, shall be applied to the payment of the cost of constructing the said first twelve miles of said road, or to the payment of any debts contracted by said company for the purpose of constructing the same; but said bonds and their proceeds shall be used by said company solely and exclusively in the construction of said Railroad from the upper or eastern end of the first division of twelve miles along the line of survey in the direction of the town of Auburn and Illinoistown.

SEC. 24. This act shall be in force from and after its passage.

### Speech of Hon. Gilbert Dean.

The following speech was delivered before the New York Democratic Union Association by the Hon. Gilbert Dean, of that city, on the 23d of September last:

Mr. President and Gentlemen of the New York Democratic Union Association:—Today, for the first time in six years, I find myself unable to attend to my business, and forced I should have to forego the pleasure of addressing my fellow-citizens, although I had accepted the invitation kindly tendered me by your worthy President. I wrote him a note to that effect, and he then did me the honor to call upon me in person, and stated that, as the Association expected me to address it, there would be great disappointment at my absence. I could not therefore, refrain from coming here, and thus attesting my devotion to the principles of the Democratic party, the triumph of which, in the coming campaign, will redress New York from financial and Black Republican misrule, and preserve the Constitution as it is, and restore the Union as it was. I am unable to-day, perhaps, to perform military duty, but I am willing to be shot down for the principles of the Constitution. All personal issues should be forgotten in this great issue that is presented to us today. The atmosphere around us is tremulous with change; the air is full of revolution. Ten millions of people went to bed last night, believing that the pilot of the Government was conservative; they awoke to find that their dreams were shattered, and that a proclamation had been signed which makes emancipation of the slave the object of the war. I have sustained the war, and been in favor of using every means that was deemed since the firing on our flag at Sumter, but I now protest against this proclamation. I am willing to fight and die for the restoration of the Union, but not for the emancipation of the negro. I am against a war for this object. (Cheers.) If for uttering this sentiment I am to be consigned to Fort Lafayette—to the modern Bastille—then let them send me to-morrow. (Cries of "They dare not," "Let them try it," "You'll have a brigadier go with you," "There'll be trouble if they do," etc.) I love this Government, but if it is to be administered so that a person can be imprisoned for uttering his sentiments, with no chance of being heard or placed face to face with his accusers, then I can only say that the Government has been perverted, and such a Government is not worth the life of one white man to uphold. (Cheers.) I love the Government—with all the faults of the administration for the last two years I love it still, and I believe it has a regenerating power within itself so that the American people will be a free people before it again. This government has heretofore protected the oppressed from other lands, it has protected feeble womanhood, and helpless infancy, it has never, until within the last six months, taken a man from his family and business, and sent him to prison where he could not be heard as to the truth of any charge against him. Was there any necessity for that? (Cries, "No, no.") What has New York done—what has she refused to do? Will any Republican here who thinks the Government is justified in suspending in the State of New York—loyal every inch of it and every man in its territory—the writ of habeas corpus—let him tell the reason for it, and let him tell me why he is in England, and rather than relinquish which we had better charter another "Mayflower," and go to some other continent, where freemen may live and breathe. (Tremendous applause.) They say the Democrats have no right to talk on this subject. The Supreme Court, it is charged, made a decision that the black man has no rights which the white man is bound to respect. But they say now that Democrats have no rights which the Black Republican is bound to respect. We are all Democrats. We are for sustaining the Constitution and restoring the Union. But Greeley (hisses) may publish in the Tribune anything he chooses about the inefficiency of the administration. He can write letters, and the President can go down on his marrow bones and answer them. (Laughter.) The Times can do the same thing and propose George Law or somebody else to take the place of Lincoln, and it is all right. The Post may utter the most seditious sentiments, and Fort Lafayette is still short. But when a Democrat speaks he is a candidate for the modern Bastille. (Laughter.) I will read the Post to-night. If I were to say what it says I would not see my wife and family again for several weeks—at least until I took the oath of allegiance. The Post says of the recent battles:

"Thousands suffer indescribable tortures and are maimed for life—and the bitter pangs of their hurts are assuaged by the reflection that by this battle the enemy had been crushed or destroyed. Such battles may be magnificent, but they are also cruel. It is not war but murder; butchery which fills all right-minded men with horror, and which has nothing to redeem it except the bravery of the noble-hearted men needlessly sacrificed."

Although the Democratic party has been organized more than sixty years, and has controlled the administration for most of the time, yet if one of its members should say that a battle was a murder, and the war butchery, why, Kennedy (hisses) would take him right off. It may be that as this is in Bryant's paper, it is poetry. (Laughter.) Then he goes on to censure McClellan. (Then cheers for McClellan.) I know something of that. I was in Washington on Tuesday, and the government officials there quaked as Belmont did when he saw the writing on the wall, and it was not until the dispatch came last Friday that they felt relief, and all at once saw a great power in the republic. (Three cheers for McClellan.) They were thinking before that of the safety of Washington, not of the emancipation proclamations. (Ap-

plause.) They admitted that they had made mistakes—one depriving McClellan of command. But when they heard the result of the bravery of the men who had fought and died for the unity of the republic, they went all at once and issued an emancipation proclamation. This proclamation reminds me of an old distich:

"The devil was sick,  
The devil a monk would be;  
The devil got well,  
The devil a monk was he."

(Laughter.) If the southern armies had been threatening communication between New York and Washington that proclamation would not be dated September 22, 1862. Horatio Seymour—(cheers)—is the representative of the race against Puritanic bigotry and in favor of individual liberty of thought and action. (Great applause.) I am here to advocate no partisan candidate, but speak as a freeman to freemen, and to say that if this administration—I do not speak of the government—is to attempt to suspend the writ of habeas corpus, and send men without trial from loyal cities and loyal States, and incarcerate them in dungeons, then the man that cannot think upon that subject is a fool, and the man who will not think upon it is a knave, and the man who thinks but dare not act upon his conviction is a knave and a coward, and not fit to be crucified on the first lamp post in the city. (Great applause.) So far as any man can go, whether it be in property, life, or anything else to support the government, I am ready to go. (Applause.) But the time has come when we must make a distinction between the administration and the government.

But when you talk to me about supporting a government that takes away the right of being heard before a magistrate or jury, I am against it, no matter where it may take me up—to the scaffold, or the block. The war is upon us, it is too late now to talk about who brought it on. But how is the war to be settled in the field? By having a party in power that pulls a General down, and deprives him of command for political motives? Is it to be settled by the re-election of the men to Congress who have raised the questions of emancipation and confiscation which have united the South and divided the North? Talk about the proclamation of emancipation! The President might as well have proclaimed that the tide should not rise, as Canute did. The white and black races cannot live together in equality, no matter how many acts of Congress or proclamations we have. It is for the Democratic party to declare that the policy of the war is what Congress declared it to be after Bull Run—for no other purpose than to restore the authority of the government. And under that party the Union will be restored over every inch of territory from the St. Lawrence to the Gulf, and from the Atlantic to the Pacific. (Great applause.)

EXPAND THE CHEST.—Those in easy circumstances, or those who pursue sedentary, indoor employment, use their lungs but little, breathe but little air into the chest, and thus, independent of position, contract a wretchedly small chest, and lay the foundation of the loss of health and beauty. All this can be obviated by a little attention to the manner of breathing. Recollect the lungs are like a bladder in their construction, and can be stretched to double their size with perfect safety, giving a noble chest, and perfect immunity from consumption. The agent we require, is the common air that we breathe, supposing, however, that no obstacle exists external to the chest, such as tying it round with stays, or having the shoulders lying upon it. On arising from your bed in the morning place yourself in an erect position, the shoulders thrown off the chest; now inhale all the air you can, so that no more can get in; now hold your breath and throw off your arms behind, holding your breath as long as possible. Repeat these long breaths as much as you please. Done in a cold room is much better because the air is so much denser, and will act much more powerfully in expanding the chest. Exercising the chest in this manner will enlarge the capacity and size of the lungs.

ONLY FIVE PER CENT.—An individual called upon a jeweler in Boston, and stated that he had managed to accumulate, by hard labor for a few years past, some seventy-five dollars; that he wished to invest it in something whereby he might make money a little faster, and he decided on taking some of his stock and peddle it out. The jeweler selected what he thought would sell readily, and the new pedlar started on his trip. He was gone but a few days when he returned, bought as much again as before, and started on the second trip. Again he returned and greatly increased his stock. He succeeded so well, and accumulated so fast that the jeweler asked him what profit he obtained on what he sold.

"Well, I put on about five per cent."

The jeweler thought that very small profit and expressed as such.

"Well," said the pedlar, "I don't know as I exactly understand your per cent, but an article for which I pay you one dollar, I generally sell for five."

A young gentleman became smitten, the natural way, by the beauty of a youthful maiden, and honorably proposed marriage to her. The feminine said she was willing, but that her beloved parents were seriously of the opinion that she was "too young" to marry yet, and therefore had most decided objections for her entering into matrimonial speculations at present. The swain said that such obstacles as enraged parents might be overcome by a gentle eloquence, and requested to know if she would clandestinely leave the parental roof with him. Her reply was characteristic; she said:

"Yes, or any other man?"

SINGULAR FORTUNE.—Sir Walter Scott, in an article in his Quarterly Review, mentions a characteristic instance of an old Highland warrior's mode of pardon. "You must forgive even your bitterest enemy, Kenmuir, now," said his confessor to him, as he lay on his death-bed. "Well, if I must, I must," replied the chieftain, "but my curse be on you, Donald, turning to his son, 'if you forgive him, I will not.'"

SOLON enacted that children who did not maintain their parents in old age, when in want, should be branded with infamy, and lose the privilege of citizens; he, however, excepted from the rules those children whose parents had taught no trade, nor provided with other means of procuring a livelihood. It was a proverb among the Jews, that he who did not bring up his son to a trade, brought him up a thief.

WHEN distance lends enchantment to the view, what amount of interest does it charge the view for the accommodation?

ANCIENT GARDEN SPOTS.—All round about Rome there are ancient gardens, lying in the sun; gardens and villas, built long since by dead Cardinals and Popes; terraces with glowing shadows, with honeysuckles clambering in desolate luxuriance; roses flowering and fading and falling in showers on the pathways; and terraces and marble steps, yellow with age. Lonely fountains splash in their basins; statues of lawns and slender nymphs stand out against the solemn horizon of blue trees and cedars, with the sunset showing through their stems. At home I lead a very busy, anxious life; the beauty and peace of these Italian villas fill me with inexpressible satisfaction and gratitude towards those smouldering pontiffs, whose magnificent liberality has secured such placid resting places for generations of weary men. Taking a long walk out of Rome, one day, I came to the gates of one of these gardens. I remember seeing a carriage waiting in the shade of some cedar trees hard by, horses with drooping heads, and servants smoking as they waited. This was no uncommon sight; the English are forever on their rounds; but, somehow, on this occasion, I thought I recognized one of those men, and instead of passing by, as had been my intention, I turned in the half opened gate, which the angels with the flaming swords had left unguarded and unlocked for once, and after a few minutes' walk I came upon the Eve I looked for.

BUSINESS COURTESHIP.—There is a story extant about a five minutes' courtship between a thriving and busy merchant in a watering place in England, and a lady, for whom, in conjunction with a deceased friend, he was a trustee. The lady called at his counting-house and said that her business was to consult him on the propriety or otherwise of her accepting an offer of marriage which she had received. Now, for the first time, occurred to the Bristol merchant the idea of this holy estate in his own case.

"Marriage," said he, listlessly turning over some West India correspondence, "Well, I suppose that everybody ought to marry, tho' such a thing never occurred to me before. Have you given this gentleman an affirmative answer?"

"No."

"Are your feelings particularly engaged in the matter?"

"Not particularly."

"Well, then, madam," said he, turning around on his office stool, "if that be the case, and if you could dispense with courtship, for which I have no time, and think you could be comfortable with me, I am your humble servant to command."

There were people who thought that the lady had a purpose in going there, but if so, she prudently disguised it. She said she would consider the matter. The Bristol merchant saw her out with the same coolness as if she was merely one of his correspondents, and when she was gone five minutes, was immersed in his letters and ledgers. A day or two after, he had a communication from the lady, accepting the offer, very considerably excusing him from an elaborate courtship, and leaving him to make the convenient day.

They were married.

OUR CHRISTIAN SOLDIER.—A few days ago, a missionary visited the camp of the Sixteenth Regiment, in Hartford, for the purpose of giving the soldiers some spiritual advice. He went up to one tent, where stood a private, and said to him:



# Dutch Flat Enquirer.

THURSDAY, NOV. 20, 1862.

## FOR SALE, OR LEASE.

THE UNDERSIGNED, DESIROUS OF ENGAGING in other business offers the Enquirer printing establishment for sale at a low figure. The office is well stocked with newspaper and job materials and has a fine of Ruggles' large size Power Presses. Possession given on the 15th of May. For further particulars apply by letter, or otherwise to  
Dutch Flat, Nov. 20, 1862.-J. B. BOUST.

NOTICE.—All letters in business and correspondence intended for this office, to insure proper and prompt attention, must be addressed to the Dutch Flat Enquirer. We will not acknowledge any responsibility in office matters, under individual address.

DUTCH FLAT AND DONNER LAKE ROAD.—Mr. Corbett, the foreman, informs us that they have been engaged, (41 men) in working upon this road for about two and a half weeks, and have completed upwards of one mile. They started from Zerr's ranch, nine miles above this place, and running up the hill to the northward. At this speed, and the worst part of the road to build at that, it will not take long to complete it.

DIRECT COMMUNICATION WITH NEVADA.—Messrs. Brown Bros., were here a few days since to solicit the co-operation of our citizens in building a stage road from Red Dog to Dutch Flat. They propose to build the road from Red Dog to Bear River if we will meet them at that point with a road equal to theirs. This once completed, (and the expense will be light), we have assurance of a regular stage line from here to Nevada. Until this is completed it is the intention of these gentlemen to put on a line of saddle horses.

THANKSGIVING BALL.—The attention of our readers is directed to the advertisement of Mr. Chas. Seffens (which will be found in another column) inviting the citizens of Dutch Flat and vicinity to a grand Ball to be given by him at the Dutch Flat Hotel on Thursday, 27th inst. Mr. S. assures us nothing shall be wanting, on his part, to render this the fete of the season.

THE WEATHER continues pleasant without the slightest indication of a change. The miners regard this as quite conformable, believing an extreme necessarily follows another, the late spring was indicative of a late fall, and the wet last winter, must, to a certain extent, influence the coming winter. We trust, however, that they may be agreeably disappointed in regard to this: that we will receive the Providential blessing of a copious supply of that essential fluid.

MINING.—The miners in this locality are quite through with "fixing up" their claims and ready for water. From the number of hydraulic and drift claims in this vicinity, all of which will be worked this season, if there be no lack of water, we may reasonably expect a greater yield of the precious metal than that of any previous year since the early days of California.

DENTISTRY.—We would call especial attention to the advertisement of J. M. Chiles, practical Dentist, who has now permanently established himself among us. From his professional intercourse, during his sojourn here, he has won scores of warm personal friends, and his determination to remain with us will be hailed with joy.

BOOT MAKING ESTABLISHMENT.—We have now an establishment where the old and young, the halt and blind, can get shoes and re-shod, to order. If any lady friends wish to keep their feet dry and preserve health, they will not delay, but have Schubert & Co. make them a pair of boots—they are a "love" of a boot.

SIEGE OF LEXINGTON.—Thomas G. Murphy, who was a Lieutenant under the gallant Colonel Mulligan at Lexington, and took a soldier's part in that bloody siege and was wounded, will lecture at the Theatre in this place on Saturday evening next, 23d inst., on the siege, and war topics. Mr. Murphy was also a Captain in a New York regiment in the six days fighting at Fredericksburg, and left his command on the 28th of June last, being obliged to resign on account of wounds. Capt. Murphy will make a thrilling and most interesting talk, and we advise everybody to go and hear a brave soldier's story, and see a live patriot who has served his country on fields of battle.

TORSORIAL.—Messrs. Randolph & Brinkman advertise, in another column, their superior skill as Torsorial operators, Capillary Abridgers and Renovators, etc., in which several branches they guarantee entire satisfaction.

With towels white and razors keen,  
Day or night they'll share you clean.

DELECTABLE.—What can be more gratifying to the publishers of a local paper than to exercise all their faculties, (mental and physical), for the promotion of all interested, and then not receive the slightest encouragement from those best able to render it?

ANSWER.—To see such parties playing "second fiddle" to a burly-gurdy shop, drinking "tangle leg" for revenge, and taking the chance of having the "American Colors" planted over their "peepers."

THANKS.—We are again placed under obligation to that prince of Literature dispensers, J. W. Sullivan, San Francisco, for a full assortment of English and American Dailies, Weeklies and Fictorials. Jerry keeps the ball in motion, turning the "nimble sapphire." He has so perfect of his arrangements that papers from all parts of the world can be furnished regularly by him at a remarkably low figure.

BUSINESS begins to assume a healthy appearance. Our wholesale and retail dealers are crowded to their utmost to furnish the necessary demand. There is quite a "smart sprinkle" of the "ready" about these parts, which is no serious drawback.

GOOD FOR GRASS VALLEY.—The Grass Valley National says the sum of \$5,000, Grass Valley's contribution to the Patriotic Fund, has been forwarded to Mayer Techemacher, of San Francisco. The committee here are now busy in the discharge of their duties, and expect to send another large contribution to the Sanitary Fund before long, toward which they already have one hundred and fifty dollars.

THE Nevada press urges its citizens to subscribe to the Central Pacific Railroad Stock, with the assurance that great benefits are to be derived therefrom although the road does not come within twelve miles of their town. They can connect by a branch near Illinois town.

## The Administration and its Opponents.

In these days of trials and tribulations, the voice against the Administration comes thundering from the broad and expansive East. The dissimulation of Executive officers, from the President to subordinate attaches, has caused a growth of discontent from the combined press of the Union. The exceptions taken, are not from the general rule, but are based upon the fundamental principles of our government—the Constitution—the laws—and those enforced. Those who oppose the Administration are not necessarily opposed to the government;—to the contrary—they are for the Union intact, and not a fractional part thereof. With or without slavery, our country, Banks said "let the Union slide." Greeley, Maynard, Phillips & Co., say, "Emancipation" or the Union slide. Whereupon the President issues his memorable proclamation, by which he has attempted, through the influence of these Abolition fanatics, to crush out the rebellion and save the Union.

The Chatfield (Minnesota) Democrat of Oct. 11th, in speaking of the President's proclamation, says:

"The whole object of President Lincoln's Emancipation Proclamation, must be evident to every thinking mind. In the first place, then we assert, that the whole purpose of this act was to appease the Abolition element of the party that elected him, and thereby cement and strengthen the sinking Republican party, in order that a Congress agreeing in sentiment with the Administration might be elected at the coming elections."

Mr. Lincoln is a man of too much sense to believe for a moment that this useless paper declaration of his could free one solitary negro, or assist in the least possible manner to subdue the rebellion. A thought that it would do so never entered his mind. But the necessity for such a document was evident if the republican party was to be kept alive. This party must die if the Abolition support was withdrawn, and this withdrawal was certain if their demands were not acceded to. The Abolition press, without exception, were denouncing the President and his "weak" Administration from Maine to Oregon, and a settled policy of opposition to the manner of dealing with Slavery boldly announced and adhered to. "Honest" (?) "Old Abe" for a while pre-tended to be deaf to their fanatic supplications, and gave hope to the country that fanaticism was powerless henceforth for good or evil.

But, hark! an ominous sound rolls upon the ears of our vacillating President. The Democracy of the North are rising in their strength—their shouts of enthusiasm and grand preparations for victory are borne upon every breeze to the capitals of the Nation and the States, and the President is startled. The wailing of thirteen abolition Governors are continually heard—the ghost of Republicanism with the Chicago Platform in its hand rises before the Illinois Giant who has his hand upon the throat of its once powerful party, and silently warns him to beware of what he does. The enough, "Abraham Lincoln" is once more thrown upon to Abolitionism—the Republican must issue. Let what may follow, the chances must be taken, for nothing else can save the republican party. Such we believe to be the motive that has induced Mr. Lincoln to issue that absurd and foolish proclamation. But the deed has been done, and for a purpose too self-evident to be disguised—the Abolitionists are conciliated—the republican party a unit, and "Old Abe" politically damned forever. Who the history of this war is written it will class this act of the President's as fore most in the list of aggravations, and the crowning one of an Administration, famous for imbecility, absurdity and folly.

The Democrat is but one of many papers that contain similar sentiments, showing, conclusively, that the emancipation act was not so strictly for the preservation of the Union as it was for prolonging the existence of a party whose flat has gone forth—"Free the negro or divide the Union!" These are the parties who find the most fault with the Executive officers of our Government. They find fault with our Generals; they harp upon disqualifications, imbecility and tardiness, until they effect a removal of those in command, substituting others in their stead of less experience but undoubted courage (?) and allow them to run a single "trip" to the crater of the infernal regions only to be ingloriously superseded. How can we hope for success without confidence in the ability of our officers in command. With all the naval and land forces, and all the superior advantages we possess over the South we cannot hope for success so long as fanatics and imbeciles are to influence our Administrative departments.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

DUTCH FLAT, Nov. 17, 1862.

MR. EDITOR.—I left Lost Camp on the morning of the 17th of Oct., for Blue Bluff, which lies in a southward and easterly direction and about six miles from Lost Camp. The trail by way of the ditch, for about three miles, is very good, but the balance of the route, is mighty rough. I made the trip in about two hours. This is a small mining camp, receiving but little notice in that line from the fact that the most necessary commodity (water) is almost as valuable as gold. There are but three claims here, and they will be worked, one drift claim, the "Wild Yankee," and two hydraulic claims. These claims have plenty of fall for running tailings, as they empty into Blue Cañon, which is but a short distance from these claims. The only available water in this locality is what can be collected during the rainy season. Large reservoirs are built which receives the water from the hills, hill-sides and ravines in such abundance that it enables them to wash for about five or six months in the year. Could there be an abundance of water supplied to this section there is no doubt but one hundred men could be remuneratively employed for a term of years. One of the owners in the "Wild Yankee," informed me that the whole "bench," extending for at least two miles, meandering along the foot-hills, was rich; and the most singular fact is, it is over two hundred feet deep, the strata, every one, except about ten feet of surface, which is alluvial, and filled with quartz boulders and pebbles and washed gravel, the texture of which gives indication of gold wherever found. There are but three families residing here, and when taking all the advantages (both natural and artificial) into consideration, it is fair to presume that this number will not be greatly augmented for the next two years to come. Finding nothing further of interest in this place I wended my way for

GREEN VALLEY.—This is quite a mining camp, lying on the North Fork of the American river, which I should judge was about six miles from Blue Bluff in a southerly and still more easterly direction, and about as rough a trail as can be found in these parts. After traveling this distance, from Lost Camp to Green Valley, which I accomplished by 12 M., I came to the top of the hill which overlooks, and being at least 2000 feet above the village, I found nothing but a "lumber trail" by which to work my descent. This I found so steep, for at least one-third of the distance, that I was compelled to use my back as a sort of sled very much to the annoyance and discomfort of your correspondent. Everything brought to this place for consumption must be packed, as it is an impossibility to reach that spot with a wagon. One thing, however, is very much in favor of those who live and mine there—they

are not troubled with much snow. There are but three families residing here; and it appears that they reside at this place simply because the male portion can find employment in the mine. As to agriculture here, it is not worth mentioning. It is possible that beans, potatoes, beets, onions, etc., to a limited extent, might be raised but nothing else.

At this place I met with a hearty welcome. Messrs. Ford, Barber, Carr, and others, miners, did the "amiable." Mr. Barber keeps the only public house in this place, which he had been prevailed upon to start but a few weeks since. A house of this class is always considered indispensable in a spirited mining camp like this, and I think they have got the right man in the right place.

There are sundry claims being worked here, and all render satisfactory returns. Five hydraulic claims will be worked this winter; and if water could be procured two additional. The best claims here are one owned and worked by Hall & Opel and the other by Handy & Shearer, both of which are very rich. There are usually at work, during the summer season, about sixty men, and in winter about twenty-two, besides an endless number of Mongolians. The celebrated China claim, which was worked in 1853 and \$100,000 taken out, was jumped subsequently by a party of white men who worked it a season or so without taking out enough to pay expenses. It has again been taken up by the Chinamen and being worked with satisfactory results. This is a river claim, running from bank to bank, furnishing from ten to twelve feet of pay dirt; and from what I could learn they will not be likely to work it out this season.

Thus far in my travel I have not seen a church or schoolhouse. Although there are many families and children in proportion, there appears to be no anxiety on the part of parents (at least I have no evidences to the contrary) to afford the rising generation any better advantages than the "gude wife" can bestow.

[Communication from You Bet.]

YOU BET, November 7th.

MR. EDITOR.—My intention in these communications is to avoid as far as possible the exciting topics of the day, but my attention having been directed to an alleged sequestration of patriotic funds here, and in this vicinity, I take occasion to interpose my remarks regarding the matter. It is customary for Sanitary Committees to exhibit receipts, or publish in any manner, the proof that funds entrusted to their care had been duly forwarded to head quarters? I think they should publish the returns in order that the community may know the voluntary contributions of patriotism to alleviate the pangs of dying soldiers are held sacred, kept free from the polluting touch and grasping hands of such unscrupulous selfishness. Publish your returns, "that's what's the matter." Such an example of honest patriotism would be really refreshing in these times of political degeneracy. You have had the money near two months, in that time it might have been the means of saving lives quite as valuable as your own. I am extremely mild with you this time, and have only admonished with candor. Should you amend your very reprehensible conduct, you shall be "let down easy," otherwise beware the wrath of He'sacus.

As regards news, there is not much of interest. Mr. Brown has completed arrangements to run a daily line of stages from Nevada to You Bet city. Ed Dog, Mr. Peterson, of the firm of Milliken Bros. of this place, has opened an Express office, an extension of Langton & Co.'s line, connecting therewith the business of purchasing gold dust. These branches of business will be duly appreciated by our citizens.

We have in our midst a somewhat notorious character of the chivalry persuasion, who claims to be one of these old Mountain (ears) ears, not genuine, however, for the mountain is obscured by the hugeness of the ears. He is a champion for the forage widows; has built an asylum for them, which he defends with intrepid valor: is a hero and has fought and won several scratch battles: is never outnumbered, and invariably sleeps upon the field of battle. His first skirmish, I regret to say, was not decisive, owing to the absence of small-arms. The enemy being one of his own peculiar Mormon and political proclivities, begged lustily for quarters. The last and most vindictive contest is deemed of great national importance, from the fact that our young Rep-the-Hon., of Nevada county, was the invading foe. There was much Napoleonic strategy displayed in this engagement, the enemy exhibiting unparalleled bravery in marching to the encounter; however, the ears had the best of it, until the last brilliant sortie, when the Hon. Rep. captured (or captivated) a beautiful prisoner, and eluded the enemy's grasp by beating an inglorious retreat. He has since taken and fortified a strong position far down in Wilcox ravine where he is enjoying the glory and the spoils of war. I have hopes that he is not dangerously wounded.

He'sacus has introduced a new and very choice article of beef steak here. It is not exactly bulky, but of a more doubtful gender. He calls it "disper steak." You know that I am extremely modest—I called your attention to that fact in my last—I therefore will refer you to the ladies for full particulars as to how it should be done. More anon.

Yours, &c.,

JAY SCHMIDT.

[In answer to your interrogatory relative to exhibiting a receipt or publishing the list of contributions, together with the amounts, we would say: It is a common, and proper rule, in this State at least, to publish the list, if for no other reasons, as a check upon the party or parties so receiving and entrusted with the safe-keeping of such funds and the satisfaction of contributors.—Ed. Enq.]

## Proceedings of the Board of Supervisors.

SATURDAY, Nov. 8th, 1862.  
Board met pursuant to adjournment. Present—full board.

Henry Greeley was appointed keeper of the Armour of the Pacific Guards at a salary of \$50 per month.

Bills were allowed to the amount of \$204.50. In the matter of the petition of the Sacramento, Placer & Nevada R. R. Co., in regard to the legality of the assessment, left to the decision of the Hon. B. F. Myers by order of the Board.

Board adjourned for the term.

EDITORIAL CHANGE.—J. Silverman, editor and proprietor of the Mining and Scientific Press, published at San Francisco, has withdrawn, and Mr. W. B. Ewer takes his place. From the present number before us the change has wrought a great improvement. We extend to you the hand of friendship, Bro. Ewer, and wish you success.

THE NEXT CONGRESS.—From the result of the recent elections in the East we should judge there would be a small Democratic majority in the lower branch, still leaving a Republican majority on joint ballot.

## STATE NEWS.

MINN. GAVIN and "Eldorado Johnny" say the Nevada Journal, of the 12th, had a difficulty in Beckman & Bran's saloon, yesterday in the afternoon. Some harsh epithets were bandied back and forth between them, when Garver clinched Johnny, but the latter was too quick for him, and placed the muzzle of a pistol to Garver's breast and fired; the latter fell and bystanders thought him killed. But in this they were mistaken, for he "came to time" with the assistance of Justice Harrington, and walked over to Dr. Bate's drug store. In searching for the wound, the bullet came to light, having merely "tickled his ribs" and glanced off. Johnny was arrested by officer Knerr, and was to have been examined last evening before Justice Harrington. District Attorney, Gaylord, requested Mr. Waters to act in the case (as he expected to be absent) in behalf of the people, but Johnny, who has an eye to strategy, was on the alert and secured the services of Mr. W. for himself, who raised objections to the court's holding the prisoner for trial, on the ground that he had not been legally arrested. At this stage of the proceedings Johnny was advised, by his council, to leave the court room, and being desirous of avoiding any further trouble or expense, he took the hint and cleared himself, without the consent of either judge or jury.

A MAN named William Nagle, says the Union of the 15th inst., died at about noon on Thursday, on the Stockton road, a mile southeast of the city, under circumstances which led to the rumor that he had, either through accident or design, caused his death by taking poison. He and his wife separated a year and a half ago, since which time she has resided at the saloon or liquor stand of F. Brandes. A few weeks back the intimacy seems to have been restored between Nagle and his wife. On Thursday morning he took breakfast at Brandes' place, and left for his ranch, a short distance off. Before noon he was brought back in a wagon by a boy in Mrs. Harrington's employ, in an unconscious condition. Before two o'clock P. M. he died. Coroner Reeves held an inquest over the body yesterday. Dr. Phelan made a post mortem examination, and found a small hole or opening through the coating of the stomach, which he deemed sufficient to produce death. The contents of the stomach have not yet been analyzed, but were preserved and probably will be. The jury returned a verdict to the effect that the deceased died from the effect of a tumor or hole in the coating of the stomach. Nagle was a native of Holstein, Germany, and was about thirty-nine years of age. His remains were buried yesterday afternoon in New Helvetia Cemetery.

The alarm of fire, says the Union, at ten o'clock Thursday evening last, was caused by the burning of the residence of T. H. Williams, ex-Archbishop General, at Poverty Ridge. At half-past nine o'clock, after all the members of the family had retired, they were alarmed by the discovery of the fact that the house was on fire. The flames spread so rapidly that it was with great difficulty that the children were saved. The building and furniture were entirely destroyed. There was no insurance on either. The loss is estimated at about eight thousand dollars. It was with great difficulty that the residence of L. B. Harris, adjoining Williams' house, on the north was saved. The evening was unusually calm, or a different result would have followed. The origin of the fire is not known, as it is believed that the fire in the stove was extinguished before the family retired.

JUDGE McKinty, of the Seventh Judicial District, Solano, S. Mono, Napa, and other counties toward the coast, says the Bee of the 17th inst., resigned yesterday. He has interest in silver lodes in the Humboldt county, Nevada Territory, and thinks that \$5,000 a year, payable in scrip, will not justify him in remaining absent from his mining interest. The Judge has a good record as a judicial officer. His vacant seat on that bench will be filled by J. B. Southard a lawyer of Petaluma, who had his commission issued to him to-day by Governor Stanford.

AUGUSTUS W. CAYWOOD, says the Auburn Advertiser, a waiter at the American Hotel died suddenly on Thursday afternoon last. An inquest was held by Justice Sexton, upon which it appeared from the testimony of Dr. Whitcomb (who was present at the time of the death) that deceased died from suffocation produced by violent inflammation of the tonsils. He had been complaining of his throat since the previous day. A few minutes before his death he came running into the bar-room exclaiming that he was choking to death. Dr. Whitcomb was called but arrived too late to be of assistance. Deceased was from Lodi, Seneca county N. Y., was aged about 30 years. He leaves a wife living in Lodi.

THOMAS P. PACCHETTI, a teamster employed in hauling quartz from the Spanish mine in Virginia City, met with a severe accident lately. He was thrown under his freight wagon and had both legs broken. He will, however, recover. Pacchetti, who had been in the Territory only a short time, formerly lived in St. Helena, Napa county, California. He has a wife and child now with her father on Bull Creek, near Coulterville, in Mariposa county, in this State.

THE Mendocino Herald says Mrs. Adeline Thomas, wife of George Thomas of Potter Valley, was attending the protracted meeting of the Disciples, recently, and while going to the church was suddenly taken with a difficulty of breathing. Arriving at the church Doctors Hall and Pearson were called out to her assistance. She had previously been subject to attacks of a similar nature.

RECENTLY, at Virginia City, in the Ophir Works, the main driving wheel of the hoisting apparatus burst while a car load of ore was being hoisted up through the incline. The wheel flew into several pieces, but fortunately no person was hurt. The breaking of the wheel was owing to the poor quality of the iron of which it was constructed. Another one was soon ordered.

The news from the Soledad mines, says the Los Angeles News of the 5th inst., is very encouraging. The late discoveries of quartz, etc., has inspired every one with a disposition to prospect that vicinity more thoroughly. Mr. Ravenna has just returned from the above named mines, and assures us that a prosperous work will be carried on there during the coming winter. Good placer diggings exist there, and to which some attention is now being given.

A COMMUNICATION in the San Francisco Call, dated at Oakland, November 10th, from Bacon and Hardy, states that there are no funds in the treasury of the Bay District Agricultural Society.

The employees of the Puget Mill Company, in Tekelet county, Washington Territory, have subscribed to the Sanitary Fund the sum of \$2,204.25.

A YOUNG man named Rioridan picked up a piece of gold weighing twelve and a half pounds, on his way from Grizzly Flat to Placerville last week.

## MARRIED.

In Sacramento, Nov. 6th, by the Rev. J. A. Benson, Robert L. Horton to Ellenor E. Curtis, both of Placer county.

## BORN.

In Dutch Flat, November 15th, the wife of E. C. Currier, of a daughter.

## DIED.

In Dutch Flat, Nov. 17th, the infant daughter of E. C. and Eliza A. Currier.

In Auburn, November 13, Augustus W. Caywood, late of Lodi, Seneca Co., New York, aged about 33 years.

[Mrs. Rich had been a resident of Iowa Hill about six years, and leaves a loving and affectionate husband, and four children to mourn her decease. She was a kind neighbor, a devoted mother, and an affectionate wife. Society is thus bereft of one of its most brilliant ornaments, and her family sustains an irreparable loss in the early death of this most Christian and charitable lady. We offer our sincere condolences to the distressed family.]

## MISCELLANEOUS ADVERTISEMENTS.

### THANKSGIVING BALL.

THE PUBLIC IS RESPECTFULLY INFORMED that a Thanksgiving Ball will be given at the Dutch Flat Hotel.

On Thursday, November 27th.

Every arrangement will be made for the enjoyment and pleasure of those who attend. An excellent cotillion band has been engaged for the occasion. CHAS. SEFFENS, Prop'r.

Nov. 20, 1862.-td.

## SCHUBERT & CO.,

MANUFACTURING

### BOOT MAKERS,

(Opposite the Brewery.)

MAIN STREET, DUTCH FLAT.

THE UNDERSIGNED BEG LEAVE to call the attention of the residents of Dutch Flat and vicinity to the fact that they make to order boots of all grades from a Fine Dress to a substantial Miner's Boot.

Also, made to order and warranted, the finest quality.

### Ladies Winter Boots.

Repairing done with neatness and dispatch. Our work is considered equal to the Philadelphia, New York or Boston manufacture. Call and examine.

SCHUBERT & CO.

Dutch Flat, November 20, 1862.-3m.

## GEO. RANDOLPH, HENRY BRINKMAN,

FASHIONABLE

### HAIR DRESSING SALOON

AND

### Barber Shop.

(Opposite Golden Eagle Saloon.)

MAIN STREET, DUTCH FLAT.

THE PROPRIETORS RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCE to the citizens of Dutch Flat and vicinity, or strangers visiting this place, that they cannot be excelled in

Hair Dressing, Hair Cutting, Shampooing and Shaving.

by any artists on the Pacific slope, and guarantee entire satisfaction to all who favor them with their patronage.

November 20.-tf

## J. M. CHILDS,

### DENTIST.

IS PREPARED TO PERFORM all operations pertaining to Dentistry in a first class manner.

Office—On Main Street, first door above Willets store, Dutch Flat.

Nov. 20.-2m

## HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.

THE CONVENIENT AND ELIGIBLE family residence on Sacramento street, Dutch Flat at present occupied by J. H. Willets, and owned by Schup & Seull, is offered for sale at a bargain. The premises are well supplied with water, has a large orchard filled with fruit trees and grape vines. Persons desiring a comfortable family residence can secure a good bargain in the above premises.

For further particulars, apply at the Justice's office, on Sacramento street. CHAS. SCULL.

Nov. 20, 1862.-3m

## CONSTABLE'S SALE.—By Virtue of

An Execution to me delivered and directed on the 13th day of November A. D. 1862, issued out of the court of E. B. Boust a Justice of the Peace in and for Township No. 4, County of Placer and State of California, on a judgment rendered in said court on the 11th day of November A. D. 1862, in favor of L. P. Hall and against A. J. Colvin for the sum of Twenty-one hundred and forty dollars, and for costs of suit taxed at Eighteen dollars and 10 cents, I have this day levied upon and will expose to public sale, to the highest bidder for cash, in front of the Justice's office, in the town of Dutch Flat,

On Friday, December 12th, A. D. 1862,

at the hour of 12 o'clock, M., all the right, title, interest and claim which said A. J. Colvin had in and to the following described property, to-wit: One acre or tract of land situated about 3/4 of a mile from the town of Dutch Flat, Township No. 4, on the East side of the Sacramento road near the Dutch Flat Steam Mill, and fronting on said road 400 feet and running back the distance of 400 feet, parallel lines, together with all the appurtenances and privileges thereunto belonging.

All of which named and described property I shall sell as aforesaid, or so much thereof as may be sufficient to satisfy the above judgment together with the costs due and to become due thereon.

S. A. MILLER, Constable, Township No. 4.

Dated, November 15th, A. D. 1862.-4fs

## CONSTABLE'S SALE.—By virtue of

An execution to me delivered and directed on the 14th day of November A. D. 1862, issued out of the court of E. B. Boust a Justice of the Peace in and for Township No. 4, County of Placer and State of California, on a judgment rendered in said court on the 13th day of November A. D. 1862, in favor of H. C. Harvey & Co. and against Jno. M. Shuster & Co., for the sum of one hundred and four 71-100 dollars, with interest upon the sum of one hundred and four 71-100 dollars, from the 10th day of November A. D. 1862, at the rate of two per cent. per month and for costs of suit taxed at twelve 50-100 dollars, I have this day levied upon and will expose to public sale, to the highest bidder for cash, in front of the Justice's office, in Dutch Flat,

On Friday, December 12th, A. D. 1862,

at the hour of 2 o'clock, P. M., all the right, title, interest and claim which said Jno. M. Shuster & Co. had on the 10th day of November A. D. 1862 in and to the following described property, to-wit: One certain mining or tail flume situated on Bear river a out three miles below Dutch Flat, Placer County, Cal., together with all the appurtenances thereunto belonging or in any wise appertaining.

All of which named and described property I shall sell as aforesaid, or so much thereof as may be sufficient to satisfy the above judgment together with the costs due and to become due thereon.

S. A. MILLER, Constable, Township No. 4.

Dated, November 15th, A. D. 1862.-tds.

## AUBURN DRUG STORE,

### SIGN OF THE BIG MORTAR,

Corner of Main and Washington Streets, DRUGS, PAINTS, OILS AND GLASS.

Physicians prescriptions accurately compounded.

H. HAZELL, Apothecary.

## GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, &c.

WM. H. HILLHOUSE,

Will constantly keep on hand all kinds of

## HARDWARE,

STOVES,

STOVES,

TINWARE, &c., &c.,

Something Truly Received of Great Importance to Miners!

The subscriber takes this early opportunity of announcing to the "Honest Miners," that he is prepared to furnish Iron, Hydraulic Pipe and fixtures, as expeditiously and on as reasonable terms, (per lb. or foot, or as other way), as "any other man." All persons intending to fit up their Claims with Iron Pipe this fall will consult their interests by calling on him before contracting elsewhere.

Together with a general assortment of all articles in his line. Particular attention paid to the manufacture of



TO HURDY GODS OF YOU BET.  
BY SAM-MILL PETER.  
I saw him twirl his huge mustache  
And slowly cross the room.  
His piercing eye with pleasure flashed,  
Upon her beautiful form.  
She raised her head with anxious gaze,  
Arise with modest grace,  
But still unchecked he fiercely seized  
His victim by the waist.  
They rushed with fury to their doom,  
When first I found a tongue.  
Hold madcaps, stay the frantic deed,  
And quickly forth I sprang.  
Said thoughts were flashing through my brain,  
Of modesty, virtue, and of fate;  
Twas ever thus, and now again,  
I'm not adverse, or am too late.  
They heard me, but they heeded me not,  
Sped on with all their faults;  
Mocking my proffered aid, she cried  
Hussy! Speed a waltz!  
You Bet, November 19, 1862.

SCHOOL FUND APPROPRIATION.—The November appropriation of the County School Fund, for Placer county, amounts to \$1,564.00, or one dollar per child.  
Iowa Hill..... 32.00  
Dutch Flat..... 144.00  
Blissworth..... 30.00  
Michigan Bluff..... 131.00  
Forest Hill..... 135.00  
Yankee Jim's..... 40.00  
Todd's Valley..... 35.00  
Mount Pleasant..... 32.00  
Cotton Creek..... 93.00  
Gold Run..... 69.00  
Ophir..... 174.00  
Atherton..... 73.00  
Secret Ravine..... 53.00  
Union..... 23.00  
Rock Creek..... 36.00  
Monoma..... 46.00  
Van Trees..... 49.00  
Stewart's Flat..... 34.00  
Lone Store..... 49.00  
Lincoln..... 54.00  
Dry Creek..... 54.00  
Yours, &c.,  
A. H. GORDON,  
Supt. Public Schools.

Census Return—Number and Ages of Children in the County.  
DUTCH FLAT DISTRICT—Number of children between 4 and 18 years of age, boys 90, girls 83. Total 173.  
Increase over last year..... 123  
Born in California..... 109  
Total of all ages..... 292  
AUBURN DIST.—Between 4 and 18, boys 102, girls 96. Total 198.  
Increase over last year..... 24  
Under 4 years..... 42  
Over 18 and under 21..... 47  
Born in California..... 173  
Total of all ages..... 297  
FOREST HILL DIST.—Between 4 and 18, boys 71, girls 70. Total 141.  
Increase over last year..... 35  
Under 4 years..... 35  
Over 18 and under 21..... 2  
Born in California..... 178  
Total of all ages..... 178  
MICHIGAN BLUFF.—Between 4 and 18, boys 61, girls 73. Total 134.  
Increase over last year..... 78  
Under 4 years..... 78  
Born in California..... 140  
Total of all ages..... 213  
IOWA HILL.—Between 4 and 18, boys 42, girls 49. Total 91.  
Increase over last year..... 35  
Under 4 years..... 35  
Born in California..... 61  
Total of all ages..... 123  
GOLD RUN.—Between 4 and 18, boys 40, girls 43. Total 83.  
Increase over last year..... 83  
Under 4 years..... 39  
Over 18 and under 21..... 5  
Born in California..... 130  
Total of all ages..... 130

DESTRUCTION OF THE PETALUMA MILLS.—A few minutes before five o'clock, last Friday evening, says the Sonoma County Journal, the Petaluma Steam Flouring Mills, at the north end of Main street, were discovered to be on fire. Before alarm could be sounded and the fire companies got upon the ground, the flames were bursting through the windows and roof, in several places. The main building was a three-story wooden structure, and being on fire through out, all attempts to suppress the flames were deemed utterly useless. The efforts of the firemen were therefore directed to the apparently hopeless work of saving the mill, in which was located the engine and boilers. For nearly two hours our fire engine kept two streams in constant play upon this building, the Hook and Ladder boys in the mean time using their utmost endeavors to pull down the burning frame of the main structure. The efforts of the firemen in both cases were crowned with complete success, much to their delight and the surprise of lookers on. The fire was unquestionably the work of an incendiary, as the mills had not been running for some months past. The mills were erected by Messrs. Veatch & Hutchinson, at a cost of upwards of \$20,000. At the time of their destruction, their ownership was in litigation, Andy Reed, of San Francisco, having a few weeks since attached and sold them at Sheriff's sale to secure the payment of a mortgage of some \$12,000. From lack of purchasers, Mr. Reed bid them in, subject to redemption. Mr. Reed's insurance upon the property is only \$4,000.

FEDERAL REVENUE.—The Collector of this district, A. DeLong, says the Sacramento Bee, has thus far collected \$40,000. This has all come from four counties of the fourteen in this district, and half the sum, or over \$20,000, was collected in Sacramento county. It is thought that California, under the present internal revenue law, will furnish the General Government nearly \$2,000,000 annually.  
CALIFORNIA TOBACCO.—The Stockton Independent says: "We have thought that the best quality of tobacco might be raised in this climate. Experience, however, does not confirm the opinion. All the cured tobacco which we have yet seen, of home production, is of the most inferior and worthless quality. That which has been raised in Tulare county, especially, has been examined by tobaccoists in this city and been pronounced unfit for use."  
An old tobaccoist of this city, says the Bee, tells us the California tobacco that he has seen has been spoiled in curing. The entire substance is taken out of it, and nothing but the coarse vegetable matter left, without any, or scarcely any, of the qualities of the plant. And this, he says, must ever be the result while the leaf is dried as it has been here. He proposes that it be dried under trees, through whose branches the sun does not penetrate, in a close grove, in fact, through which the sun can freely circulate, in order that the leaf may not be bleached of all its properties. Tobacco cured in this manner will, he thinks, be good.  
MADAME ANNA BISHOP, a noted singer, who once visited California, was recently burned to death in St. Paul, Minnesota, by her clothes taking fire.

LIST OF LETTERS REMAINING IN THE POST OFFICE  
Dutch Flat, Nov. 18, 1862.  
Archer James  
Alexander Thos  
Beckett Chris  
Beckett Frank  
Barber Wm P  
Buckley Henry  
Burkett O A  
Billman Henry  
Boardman Jas  
Brady John  
Brady John  
Coleman W R  
Carter J  
Coffin J J  
Dunning J J  
Edlin A M  
Gray J F  
Gellott W W  
Gordon J  
Griffith H J  
Gruesing Henry  
Harrington Wm  
Hammond W R  
Hubbard Jos  
Hess R R  
Inman D  
Irish Henry  
Johnson Ira  
Jordan Mrs M M  
Jewell M  
Ladd C N  
Morgan E F  
Montgomery John  
Meyers John  
Michael John  
McKay John  
Moore W C  
Mead H L  
McConnell E  
Newrick E  
Phillips G W  
Platzek Wm  
Rouse Danl  
Robbins W M  
Bannay John  
Summers C 2  
Schnitzer J M  
Smith Martin  
Snyder Oliver  
Sexton B C  
Smith Nathl E  
Schubel F A  
Seibert Peter  
Seibert Peter  
Weed Alex  
Wells L D  
Verdugo Julian  
C. B. PLUMMER, P. M.

Opposition to the President's Proclamation.  
The following, which we extract from a late number of the Louisville Journal, relative to the President's proclamation in regard to the emancipation of slaves in the rebel States, is well suited to some few fanatical organs published in this State:  
The Chicago Tribune and a few other papers of the same stamp bitterly denounce us because we oppose the President's proclamation in regard to the emancipation of slaves in the rebel States. They suggest that it probably would be well for us to join the secessionists at once. They talk like fools. They should know that the President himself, only a few weeks since, was against the policy of issuing such a proclamation as the one in question, and there is no doubt that he issued it at last with much reluctance. They should know that some of the members of the Cabinet are said to be in good authority to have been strongly opposed to its being issued. If it is fitting that we should join the secessionists, it is fitting that a portion of the Cabinet should join them, and it was fitting but a short time ago that the President should join them. And what is to be thought of Mr. Lincoln's present position if he retains in his Cabinet men whose appropriate place is among the secessionists?  
If these bitter and fanatical Northern organs had paid in times past a good deal more respect than they did to the earnest counsels and entreaties of the Journal and other papers better acquainted than themselves with the temper and disposition of the whole country North and South, this terrible war, however anxious the fiery spirits of the South might have been to bring it on, would have been avoided and the Republic would have remained unshaken and untroubled. Leaving out of view the utter unwisdom of the proclamation, the Union organs here can judge far better than the Republican organs of the North of the probable effect of such a proclamation in the region where it is a paper of prominent position in Kentucky, and if we believe that its calculated to promote and advance and strengthen the rebellion instead of tending to quell it, we certainly do not, by the expression of such a belief, make ourselves liable to any just charge of secessionism. There is not a paper or prominent politician in Kentucky that does not deeply regret and deprecate the President's proclamation, though all may believe that it will be wholly unimportant so far as its objects are concerned, and that it was ill-intended. Northern fanatics should be ashamed to charge or to insinuate secessionism against us. It is very easy and very safe and perhaps very noisily to denounce, situated as they are, to be noisily Union men and to publish noisy Union newspapers—the only kind of papers of course that they dare to publish. We, to the best of our ability, have been endeavoring to do our duty, and we have in many ways to be so, and where it may cost a good deal more. Even now we have a price and a heavy one set upon our head, and there are tens of thousands of rebels, some of them right around us, who would rejoice in an opportunity of cutting themselves free from us. It is not a paramount regard for liberty that has prompted our comments upon the President's proclamation, it is a paramount regard for the Union, the Constitution, and the welfare and prosperity of the whole country.

ARREST OF A DESPERADO.—The Bulletin of November 12th gives the following particulars in reference to the arrest of this individual:  
About a year ago, a store-keeper or peddler was murdered near the New Alameda mines, in Santa Clara, and the strongest suspicion fastened on a native Californian named Juan Cordova, alias Pedro Norberto, as the murderer. The county became got upon the ground, the flames were bursting through the windows and roof, in several places. The main building was a three-story wooden structure, and being on fire through out, all attempts to suppress the flames were deemed utterly useless. The efforts of the firemen were therefore directed to the apparently hopeless work of saving the mill, in which was located the engine and boilers. For nearly two hours our fire engine kept two streams in constant play upon this building, the Hook and Ladder boys in the mean time using their utmost endeavors to pull down the burning frame of the main structure. The efforts of the firemen in both cases were crowned with complete success, much to their delight and the surprise of lookers on. The fire was unquestionably the work of an incendiary, as the mills had not been running for some months past. The mills were erected by Messrs. Veatch & Hutchinson, at a cost of upwards of \$20,000. At the time of their destruction, their ownership was in litigation, Andy Reed, of San Francisco, having a few weeks since attached and sold them at Sheriff's sale to secure the payment of a mortgage of some \$12,000. From lack of purchasers, Mr. Reed bid them in, subject to redemption. Mr. Reed's insurance upon the property is only \$4,000.

THE FURNITURE  
In the home in new and commodious, and everything has been prepared with an especial object to the comfort of guests, making it a pleasant stopping place and an agreeable home for all.  
THE TABLE  
Will be found to be beautifully supplied with all the delicacies of the season, and guests attended by attentive and polite waiters.  
THE STAGE BOOKS  
Are kept at this hotel, and persons can book their names for any portion of the stage, and be assured that nothing shall be spared on his part to make it a first class hotel. The rooms in this house are all plastered, and are large, well-aired apartments.  
H. A. SEFFENS, PROPRIETOR.

OLD CORNER SALOON.  
CLEMENT UREN, PROPRIETOR.  
THIS WELL KNOWN RETREAT CONTINUES in full and successful operation. The present proprietor would invite the patronage of those who have been frequenters of the place.  
Cool Lager and Fine Liquors!  
Always on hand. A polite and attentive barkeeper constantly in attendance to supply the wants of the patrons of the house. \$10-15  
BED ROCK SALOON,  
MAIN STREET, DUTCH FLAT.  
KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND THE BEST  
Wines, Brandies and Cigars!  
English Ale and Albany Cream ALE!  
ON DRAUGHT.  
BILLIARDS!  
GEO. L. SLOCUMB.  
C. G. F. NORTHOUSE,  
MERCHANT TAILOR,  
(3 doors below L. Arntsen's)  
MAIN STREET, DUTCH FLAT.  
THE SUBSCRIBER RESPECTFULLY INFORMS the citizens of this place that he is prepared to execute all orders in his line in the best and most fashionable style.  
Making and Cutting,  
Cleansing, &c. &c.  
Done on the shortest notice. A share of the public patronage is solicited.  
November 6, 1862—15  
NOTICE.  
THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE CENTRAL Pacific Railroad Company of California, are requested to meet at the office of the company No. 56 and 58 K street in the city of Sacramento at 10 o'clock a. m. on the 23d day of November 1862, to approve or set upon the By-Laws adopted by the Board of Directors of said company.  
By order of the Board of Directors,  
Secretary Central Pacific Railroad Co.  
Sacramento, October 15, 1862.—15

SPECIAL NOTICES.  
Olive Lodge, No. 81, I. O. O. F.  
Hold their regular meetings on Wednesday evening of each week.  
Brothers in good standing are cordially invited.  
W. H. HILLHOUSE, N. G.  
W. C. RICHMOND, Rec. Sec. jal-6m  
POST-OFFICE HOURS.  
Open from 7 A. M. to 9 P. M. Mail closes daily at 9 o'clock, p. m.  
Office open on Sundays from 9 o'clock, a. m., to 12 m., and one hour in the evening on the arrival of the mail.  
C. B. PLUMMER, P. M.

A WORD TO THE AGED.—In the decline of life the loss of vital force consequent upon physical decay can only be safely supplied by some vivifying preparation which recruits the strength and spirits, without entailing the exhaustion which is always the final effect of ordinary stimulants. We under the name of Dr. HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS as an invigorant and restorative, immediate in its beneficial action and permanent in its effect. It tones the stomach, improves the appetite, acts like a charm upon the spirits. For dyspepsia, oppression after eating, bilious colic, wind cholera, spasms of the stomach, sick or nervous headache, chills and fever, tremors, prostration, and all the complaints special to the feeble sex, the Bitters are earnestly recommended by thousands who have witnessed their superior efficacy in such cases. Sold by all druggists and dealers everywhere. m13-1m  
Every housekeeper experiences how difficult it is in making good bread and we therefore take pleasure in calling attention to the fact that to insure uniformly light, sweet and nutritious bread, it is only necessary to use RICHMOND'S & CO.'S YEAST POWDERS, which in every respect excel all similar preparations ever offered to the public. See advertisement in another column.  
In calling the attention of the reader to the advertisement of Dr. J. C. Young, to be found in another part of this paper, we feel we are answering the dictates of honesty and conviction in pointing out to suffering humanity the honest and skillful medical knowledge places it in his power, to act as a guide to those who otherwise would unwittingly take a wrong path. Throughout the length and breadth of our fair State is spread the insidious seeds of a terrible disease. No need to be thus. No need to wear out a life of pain and anguish and in the end to fill a dishonored grave. Hesitate no longer, unfortunate ones, but turn to the Doctor who alone can restore you, giving you in place of wasted energies and an impaired constitution, full health, vigor and power.  
Actuated by the wish to exert his powers to cure, he proves his honesty by the motto on his display, his conviction of his capability, and showing his confidence in mankind, "No Cure No Pay." The Doctor's office is No. 751 Clay St. opposite the Plaza Hotel, Placer, San Francisco.

HOTELS AND SALOONS.  
UNION HOTEL,  
(One door above the Express Office)  
MAIN STREET, DUTCH FLAT.  
James A. Shoemaker, PROPRIETOR.

PLACER BREWERY.  
THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED the well known establishment and favorite resort, will hereafter keep it in the best style having always on hand the best.  
Wines and Liquors!  
Cigars and fresh brewed lager. By strict attention to business and accommodation to customers he hopes to obtain a share of public patronage. Call and see for yourselves.  
J. F. MEYER.  
March 13, 1862—15  
DUTCH FLAT HOTEL,  
Main Street, Dutch Flat.  
JAS. SEFFENS, PROPRIETOR.

HAVING RESUMED CONTROL OF THE Dutch Flat Hotel, the proprietor takes pleasure in announcing to his many friends and the public generally, that he is now prepared to cater to all their wants as he used to do, and solicits a continuance of the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed, assuring all that nothing shall be spared on his part to make it a first class hotel. The rooms in this house are all plastered, and are large, well-aired apartments.  
THE FURNITURE  
In the home in new and commodious, and everything has been prepared with an especial object to the comfort of guests, making it a pleasant stopping place and an agreeable home for all.  
THE TABLE  
Will be found to be beautifully supplied with all the delicacies of the season, and guests attended by attentive and polite waiters.  
THE STAGE BOOKS  
Are kept at this hotel, and persons can book their names for any portion of the stage, and be assured that nothing shall be spared on his part to make it a first class hotel. The rooms in this house are all plastered, and are large, well-aired apartments.  
H. A. SEFFENS, PROPRIETOR.

OLD CORNER SALOON.  
CLEMENT UREN, PROPRIETOR.  
THIS WELL KNOWN RETREAT CONTINUES in full and successful operation. The present proprietor would invite the patronage of those who have been frequenters of the place.  
Cool Lager and Fine Liquors!  
Always on hand. A polite and attentive barkeeper constantly in attendance to supply the wants of the patrons of the house. \$10-15  
BED ROCK SALOON,  
MAIN STREET, DUTCH FLAT.  
KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND THE BEST  
Wines, Brandies and Cigars!  
English Ale and Albany Cream ALE!  
ON DRAUGHT.  
BILLIARDS!  
GEO. L. SLOCUMB.  
C. G. F. NORTHOUSE,  
MERCHANT TAILOR,  
(3 doors below L. Arntsen's)  
MAIN STREET, DUTCH FLAT.  
THE SUBSCRIBER RESPECTFULLY INFORMS the citizens of this place that he is prepared to execute all orders in his line in the best and most fashionable style.  
Making and Cutting,  
Cleansing, &c. &c.  
Done on the shortest notice. A share of the public patronage is solicited.  
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By order of the Board of Directors,  
Secretary Central Pacific Railroad Co.  
Sacramento, October 15, 1862.—15

MISCELLANEOUS ADVERTISEMENTS.  
EMPIRE LIVERY STABLE,  
(Opposite L. Arntsen's)  
Main Street, Dutch Flat, Placer County.  
T. J. SLOAN, PROPRIETOR.  
THIS STABLE IS NOW prepared to furnish the traveling public with the best SADDLE HORSES! To be found in the mountains. The stock at this stable have all been purchased with a view to their gentle and tractable qualities.  
BUGGIES AND CARRIAGES!  
Constantly kept for hire, with or without drivers. This Stable presents superior inducements to carriages and other large companies.  
Horses boarded and groomed by the day, week, or month at reasonable rates. nov13-15  
LIVERY AND STAGE STABLE.  
Sacramento street, Dutch Flat.  
THOMAS MORRIS, PROPRIETOR.  
HAVING THE LARGEST AND MOST convenient Stable in the place, offers superior accommodations to Teamsters and the traveling public. An extensive Wagon Yard is connected with the establishment.  
Horses to be let on Livery.  
Animals stabled, boarded and groomed by the day, week or month, at reasonable rates.

LUMBER! LUMBER!  
THE DUTCH FLAT STEAM SAW MILL IS in successful operation, where persons can secure the best lumber at the most reasonable rates. All orders filled with promptness, and lumber furnished on terms to make it an inducement or those in need of material to give us a call.  
Sugar Pine Lumber  
In large quantities, constantly on hand and for sale cheap. To those in want of lumber for MINING PURPOSES!  
We can supply orders with promptness, having superior facilities for sawing, we are enabled to present better inducement for contracts.  
To Builders and Contractors  
Requiring lumber for building purposes, can be supplied with SEASONED LUMBER of every description on the shortest notice. All kinds of LUMBER SAWED TO ORDER.  
J. JONES & CO.  
June 20, 1860. 15  
BLACKSMITHING.  
WILLIAM UREN HAVING COMPLETED his new and spacious Blacksmith and Wheelwright shop, street, is now to do every thing of work on the short notice, at the most reasonable prices, and in a unsurpassed establishment.  
Particular attention paid to  
MACHINERY.  
SLEDGES, PICKS AND SHOVELS, made, repaired, and warranted.  
Horses, mules and oxen shod on the most approved plan.  
Being thankful to the citizens of Dutch Flat and vicinity for patronage heretofore bestowed, he asks a continuance of the same, being confident he can hammer out his living to the satisfaction of those who may favor him with their work.  
March 13, 1862—15  
Dutch Flat Saw Mill.

THE ABOVE SAW MILL being the oldest established mill now in operation in the vicinity of Dutch Flat, having been lately repaired, is now capable of cutting lumber equal to the most celebrated mills in Placer county. We have on hand a general assortment of seasoned and green lumber, hard and soft lumber, and having  
Reduced the Prices!  
to correspond with the times, will sell as LOW if not a little lower than any other Saw Mill in this vicinity.  
We are now receiving in the yard a large and superior lot of saw logs, and can fill orders for lumber of all kinds, dimensions, varying in length from 10 to 30 feet.  
Being situated within a few hundred yards of Dutch Flat, and convenient to most of the valuable mining claims, offer superior inducements to  
Miners and Builders  
Who will find it to their interest to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.  
Lumber delivered to any point within ten miles.  
Dutch Flat, June 24th, 1860. 15  
DUTCH FLAT BAKERY!  
HENRY BUNCKLE, PROPRIETOR.  
THE PROPRIETOR OF THIS OLD ESTABLISHED Bakery tenders his thanks to the citizens of Dutch Flat and neighborhood for the very liberal and generous patronage heretofore bestowed and assures them that he will endeavor to keep up the reputation of his establishment. Fresh  
Bread, Cakes and Pies  
always on hand, together with an excellent assortment of  
Wines, Liquors and Cigars!  
And an attentive and accommodating Bar tender always ready to attend to the spiritual wants of those who may favor him with a call.  
MARCH 20, 1862—15  
UNION MARKET,  
Main Street, Dutch Flat, Cal.  
F. GROHS, PROPRIETOR.

THE PROPRIETOR HAVING bought the former proprietor desires to inform the citizens of Dutch Flat that he will constantly keep on hand, the best assortment of  
FRESH BEEF.  
FRESH MUTTON.  
FRESH PORK.  
And Home-made Sausage to be had in the market. A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited. Prices reasonable. Oct. 30-15  
MOUNTAINEER STAGE LINE  
ON and AFTER THIS DATE, the Coaches of the "Mountaineer Line" will leave Dutch Flat daily, at 3 A. M., for Sacramento, connecting with the cars of the Placer & Nevada Railroad Co., at Auburn station at 10 A. M., and arriving at Sacramento at 1 P. M., same day, connecting with the boats for San Francisco. Returning, leaves Sacramento at 6 P. M., daily, connecting with the coaches at Auburn station at 9 A. M., arriving at Dutch Flat at 5 P. M. This line connects at Auburn, with the coaches for Forest Hill, Todd's Valley, Yankee Jim's and Michigan Bluffs; at Illinois town, with coaches for Iowa Hill. Through tickets for all these points can be procured at the Stage office. "What Cheer House," Sacramento; also, at the offices in the above named places for Sacramento or Folsom.  
Passengers by this line can rely upon receiving every attention necessary for safety, speed and comfort.  
W. M. HAMILTON, Proprietor.  
Oct. 2, 1862.—15  
FIFTY LABORERS WANTED!  
TO WORK ON THE DUTCH FLAT AND Donner Lake Wagon Road. Cash, and high wages will be paid good hands. Apply to E. L. Brady, Dutch Flat, or to the Foreman on the Road at Zorr's, 8 miles above Dutch Flat.  
DUTCH FLAT AND DONNER LAKE Wagon Road Co.  
October 27, 1862.—1m

MISCELLANEOUS ADVERTISEMENTS.  
LOUIS GROSS.....C. B. PLUMMER.....J. H. BORE  
GROSS, PLUMMER & BORE  
DEALERS IN  
Stationery, Blank, School, and Miscellaneous Books,  
Choice Brands of Tobacco and Cigars, Genuine and Imitation Meerschaum Pipes,  
CUTLERY,  
PERFUMERY,  
TOILET ARTICLES,  
FRUIT,  
CONFECTIONERY,  
MUSIC,  
MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,  
CAMPHEN,  
COAL OIL,  
LAMP,  
TANKER NOTIONS,  
NEWSPAPERS,  
MAGAZINES,  
PERIODICALS, &c.  
Subscriptions or advertisements received for any of the Sacramento or San Francisco papers.  
Post Office, Main Street,  
Store formerly occupied by L. Gross.  
DUTCH FLAT, May 10, 1862.—15  
NEW ARRANGEMENT  
AT THE  
BRICK STORE,  
Main Street, Iowa Hill.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED the three-story brick building formerly occupied by Colgan and having combined the business of three houses, would respectfully announce to the citizens of Iowa Hill and the several neighboring towns that they now have on hand and will continue to receive a full assortment of  
HARDWARE,  
TINWARE,  
GROCERIES,  
PROVISIONS,  
DRUGS, and MEDICINES.  
Together with a full and complete assortment of  
PAINTS and OILS!  
VARNISHES, BRUSHES, &c.,  
Which they offer at  
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL  
CHEAP FOR CASH!  
Every description of Tin, Sheet-Iron and Copperware  
Manufactured to Order  
At the shortest notice and in the best manner.  
HALL & LYON,  
ma22-15  
Brick Store, Iowa Hill.

ALEXANDER BUSWELL,  
PRACTICAL  
BOOK BINDER,  
Paper Ruler and Blank Book Manufacturer,  
517 Clay and 214 Commercial streets,  
Between Montgomery and Sansome,  
San Francisco.  
Binding of every description neatly executed; Blank Books Ruled and Bound to any size.  
Aug. 21, 1862—15  
SAFES! SAFES!  
F. TILLMAN,  
No. 90 BATTERY STREET, SAN FRANCISCO.  
SOLE AGENT FOR TILTON & McFARLAND'S celebrated Fire Proof and Burglar Safes. This Safe is well known in the market for its unsurpassed fire-proof quality, having withstood in California, as well as in the East, the hottest fires known. We can refer to endless certificates from parties in our mining towns, where these Safes have been subject to the most severe tests of its fire-proof qualities. The Safes are secured by our Combination Lock. This Lock is in every respect the most secure one in use; it requires the key and combination to open the Safe. If the key should be abstracted from the owner, it would be perfectly useless to the possessor without his knowing the combination, or mental key, which the owner carries in his head. To those in want of a reliable Safe we offer the above cheaper than any other in the market.  
A large assortment on hand and to arrive.  
6m  
TILLMAN, 90 Battery st.

NEW FIRM!  
BOOTS AND SHOES!  
MAIN STREET, DUTCH FLAT.  
THE UNDERSIGNED DESIRE TO INFORM everybody that they have opened the largest and best selected stock of  
Boots, shoes, &c.,  
ever offered to this public, which are determined to sell at prices unprecedentedly low. Their stock has been selected expressly for this market, and all articles sold are warranted to be as represented.  
Ladies', Misses' and Childrens' Boots, Shoes, Ties and Gaiters always on hand of the  
Best make and quality.  
A splendid article of Gum Boots and Coats.  
MERRIMAN & HUGHES.  
November 6, 1862—15  
WIRE ROPE:  
Is 75 Per Cent. CHEAPER!  
THAN ANY OTHER KIND OF ROPE—WHY? BECAUSE, Compared with any other Rope of equal strength, it is from FOUR to SIX TIMES MORE DURABLE!  
BECAUSE, it is FORTY per cent LIGHTER!  
BECAUSE, it is less than ONE-HALF the Diameter, and only ONE-SIXTH of the BULK!  
BECAUSE, it is FIVE TIMES the strength of the same size of the HEMP ROPE!  
BECAUSE, it does not STRETCH or SHRINK, in dry or wet weather!  
BECAUSE, it does not ABSORB WATER, and double its original WEIGHT!  
BECAUSE, it is as PLIABLE as the other rope of equal strength.  
Wire Rope is the ONLY KIND OF Rope that can be used to ADVANTAGE, for Hoisting from deep shafts and inclined planes, for long Pump Ropes, Derrick Guy Ropes, Ferry Ropes, &c., &c. Those who have once given our Wire Ropes a trial, will USE NO OTHER, at any price.  
Circulars giving scales of weights and strengths, prices, testimonials, &c., will be forwarded by addressing the manufacturers, or their agents throughout the State.  
A. S. HALIDIE & CO.,  
oct 16-3m 412 Clay street, San Francisco.

TONSorial.  
Next Door below the Post Office, Main Street, Dutch Flat.  
H. SIEMON WOULD RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCE to the citizens of this place that having secured the services of one of the best barbers in the State, and having refitted his shop with new furniture, &c., is now prepared to serve all who may call upon him in a truly artistic style. Possessing greater facilities than heretofore for the accommodation of customers, he feels confident in giving entire satisfaction to all who patronize him.  
Hair Cutting.....25 cents.  
Shaving.....25 "  
Bleeding, Cupping, and Teeth Extracted.  
Wigs, Toupes, Beards, and every variety of Ladies' Hair Work, done to order, by  
MONS. EMILE LALANNE.  
[FROM PARIS]  
Ladies' Hair Dressing, Curling, &c.  
June 19-15  
H. SIEMON, Proprietor.

MISCELLANEOUS ADVERTISEMENTS.  
JUST RECEIVED!  
DR. D. W. STRONG.  
Druggist and Pharmacist,  
Main Street, Dutch Flat.  
Has just received at the Dutch Flat Drug Store a large and well selected stock of  
FRESH DRUGS,  
MEDICINES,  
CHEMICALS,  
ESSENTIAL OILS,  
ECLECTIC and PATENT MEDICINES,  
TRUSSES,  
SUSPENSORIES,  
HAIR OILS,  
PERFUMERY,  
COMBS,  
BRUSHES,  
STATUETTES,  
FINE CIGARS,  
TOBACCO, &c., &c.  
Also:  
WHITE LEAD,  
CAMPHEN,  
GLASS, PUTTY,  
VARNISHES and TERPENTINE.  
Besides a large assortment of the new COAL OIL, Lamps and Kerosine Lamp Chimneys. All of which will be disposed of  
FOR CASH  
As cheap if not cheaper than at any other establishment in the county.  
All the Goods are of the BEST QUALITY, and have been selected with the greatest care, and purchasers can therefore rely upon obtaining a good article at a less cost than a PURCHASER would be sold for elsewhere. CALL AND SEE.  
June 5, 1861. 15

HALL'S SARSAPARILLA,  
Yellow Dock and Iodide of Potass.  
This celebrated preparation has stood the test of six years with the California public—who are justly considered as a community the most intelligent in the world—during which period we are proud to say it has given more than satisfaction—it has become the household remedy for Californians particularly, who, from much exposure, bad food, imperfect shelter and irregular habits, suffer more from  
RHEUMATISM  
Than any community in the world; and we are safe in saying that as a rule, California Rheumatism cannot be cured thoroughly without the use of  
HALL'S SARSAPARILLA.  
It is the only preparation that will cure Rheumatism, as thousands can testify who have tried the medicines of the best Doctors in the country, without receiving any benefit therefrom. It not only gives immediate relief when taken as per directions on the bottle.  
FEMALES  
In delicate health would do well to try the virtues of this remedy, as it insures a peculiar beneficial influence upon the vascular system not obtained by any other remedy. It quickly removes from the blood and other fluids the impurities of unhealthy secretions, which engenders a long train of diseases, such as Scrofula, Ulcers, Boils, Blisters and Pimples on the face and body, Humors, Pustules, Sores, Tumors, Rashes or Eruptions, Itchy or Scaly Head, Swelled Neck, Liver Complaint, Lumbago, Chorea, Sore Eyes, Gout, Cancer, Enlargement of the Ovaries, and diseases of the Heart, are cured by the renovating action of this truly valuable medicine. It acts like a charm, purifying the blood of all morbid and corrupt matter, and at the same time strengthens and invigorates the whole system.—Salt Rheum will positively yield to the medical powers of this remedy, in conjunction with Hall's Rosemary Cord, it has cured cases of over twenty years standing, the disease covering nearly the whole surface of the body.  
MERCURIAL DISEASES  
and all diseases arising from lead, mercury, and arsenic, such as aching pains in the bones, dimness of sight, low fevers, and worst of all, mercurial Rheumatism, are relieved by one bottle of this remedy. Night sweats, wasting of flesh, splitting of blood, habitual costiveness, and piles—thousands attest to the efficacy of Hall's SARSAPARILLA, Yellow Dock and Iodide of Potass in the above named diseases. It increases the appetite, builds up a healthy tone and vigor to the whole system, building up a new constitution. As the constitution is the blood and this remedy thoroughly purifies, cleanses, and purges it of impure matters, and at the same time stimulates into healthy action the whole Visceral System, which is engaged in the manufacture of the blood, hence the health of the whole system will follow, and a  
LONG LIFE

with a healthy and cheerful mind—some indications of a healthy body—can be obtained by the most delicate person, by thoroughly purging the blood in the Spring and Fall of the year, with  
HALL'S SARSAPARILLA, YELLOW DOCK AND IODIDE OF POTASS.  
Imitations.  
Owing to the great and unparalleled success of the remedy, hundreds of unprincipled persons seek to palm off on the public, worthless trash called by the same name. The Genuine Hall's SARSAPARILLA contains neither spirits, mercury or arsenic. Sold by Druggists and Dealers everywhere for \$1, and by the proprietors,  
R. HALL & CO.,  
sol10-6m 561 and 588 Clay str., San Francisco,  
SANSONE STREET,  
Opposite the American Theater,  
San Francisco.  
S. H. SEYMOUR, PROPRIETOR.

THE UNDERSIGNED, LONG CONNECTED with the establishment as Book keeper, begs leave respectfully to inform the old patrons of the house, and the public generally, that he has leased from Mr. Bailey Sargent,  
THIS MAGNIFICENT ESTABLISHMENT, which will in future be entirely under his management and control, and where he will be pleased to see his old friends and the traveling public. He flatters himself that his experience in the business, and his long acquaintance with the people of California, will be a guarantee that no one will leave his house dissatisfied, and he pledges himself to spare no pains or expense in providing every means for the comfort and satisfaction of his guests.  
THE AMERICAN EXCHANGE is well known to the people of California, that it seems almost unnecessary to say anything in praise, either of the building or its location. The Proprietor will only remark that it is inferior to no house in the State in all the requirements of a FIRST CLASS HOTEL, being in a central location and easy access from all parts of the city. The ROOMS are large and WELL VENTILATED, and furnished with Spring Mattresses. Water has been introduced into all parts of the house.  
BATH ROOMS on the premises for the convenience of families.  
Two Coaches are attached to the Hotel to convey passengers to and from the steamers.  
my33-3m SIMON H. SEYMOUR.

AMERICAN HOTEL,  
—AND—  
GENERAL STAGE OFFICE.  
Auburn, Placer County.  
GEORGE H. STEPHENS, PROPRIETOR.  
THE PROPRIETOR HAVING RESUMED control of this first class hotel, and refitted it with new and desirable furniture are prepared to receive and accommodate visitors in a manner not surpassed by any house in the State. The house is situated in an eligible quarter of the town and presents many features to make it preferable as a stopping place.  
The office of the California Stage Company is kept in the American and persons can book their names for any part of the State on any of the various lines.  
April 17-15  
BLANKS! BLANKS!  
AN EXCELLENT assortment of Legal Blanks just printed at the Enquirer office, such as DEEDS, MORTGAGES, SUMMONS, EXECUTIONS, ATTACHMENTS, WARRANTS AND SUBPOENAS.  
BLANKS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION FOR sale at the ENQUIRER OFFICE.



This image shows a blank, aged, cream-colored page, likely an endpaper or flyleaf of a book. The paper has a slightly textured appearance with some faint smudges and discoloration, characteristic of old paper. The left edge of the page is bound, showing the stitching and the inner cover material. There is no text or other markings on the page.